Data Acceptability Criteria for Monomethyl Mercury in Water **Recommended Corrective** Recommended Sample Type Objective Frequency of Analysis **Control Limits** Action External Calibration Calibration Standards (3-5 standards over the Full calibration: Establish Follow manufacturer's or procedures in Linear regression, Determine cause and take appropriate expected range of sample target analyte conc., relationship between specific analytical protocols. A min., 3 r>0.995. corrective action. Recalibrate and with the lowest conc. Std at or near the MDL). instrument response and point calib. Each set up, major reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all target analyte conc. disruption, and when routine calib suspect data. check exceeds specific control limits. Calibration Verification Calibration Check Standards (minimum of one Verify calibration. After initial calibration or recalibration. %R = 80-120%. Determine cause and take appropriate mid-range standard prepared independently from Every 10 samples. corrective action. Recalibrate and initial calibration standards: an instrument reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all nternal standard must be added to each calib. suspect data. check std. when internal std. calib. is being used). Method Detection Limit Determination Spiked matrix samples (analyte-free water Establish or confirm MDL for Seven replicate analyses prior to use of Determined by program Redetermine MDL. samples to which known amounts of target analyte of interest. method. Re-evaluation of MDL manager analytes have been added; one spike for each annually. target analyte at 3-10 times the estimated MDL). Accuracy and Precision Assessment Reference materials (SRMs or CRMs, covering Assess method performance Method validation: As many as required Method validation and If matrix spikes are in control then the range of expected target analyte conc.). (initial method validation and to assess accuracy & precision of Routine accuracy proceed. If not, determine cause and method before routine analysis of assessment: %R = 70routine accuracy assessment). take appropriate corrective action. samples. Routine accuracy 130%. Recalibrate and reanalyze all suspect assessment: one (preferably blind) per samples or flag all suspect data. 20 samples or one batch. Matrix spikes (field water samples to which Assess matrix effects and One per 20 samples or one per batch, %R = 70-130%. If SRMs are in control then proceed. I known amounts of target analytes have been accuracy (%Recovery) whichever is more frequent. not, determine cause & take appropriate added: 5 times the concentration of the analyte routinely. corrective action. Recalibrate & of interest or 10 times the MDL). reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data. Zero percent recovery requires rejection of all suspect data. Matrix spike replicates (replicate aliquots of Assess method precision One duplicate per 20 samples or one RPD <25% for Determine cause and take appropriate matrix spike samples: 5 times the concentration routinely. per batch, whichever is more frequent. duplicates. corrective action. Recalibrate and of analyte of interest or 10 times MDL). reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data. Laboratory Duplicate Assess method precision One per 20 samples or one per batch, RPD <25% for Determine cause, take appropriate whichever is more frequent. duplicates. corrective action. Recalibrate & reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data. 5% annual rate (5% of total number of RPD <25% for Determine cause and take appropriate routinely. Assess total corrective action. Recalibrate and samples). field samples per analytical procedure duplicates. variability (i.e., population per year, rounded up to nearest whole reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all variability, field or sampling number). suspect data. variability, and analytical method variability).

Data Acceptability Criteria for Monomethyl Mercury in Water **Recommended Corrective** Recommended Sample Type Objective Frequency of Analysis **Control Limits** Action Contamination Assessment Laboratory Blanks (method, processing, bottle, Assess contamination from Three method blank per 20 samples or Blanks<MDL for target Determine cause of problem (e.g., reagent). equipment, reagents, etc. one per batch, whichever is more analytes. contaminated reagents, equipment), frequent. At least one bottle blank per remove sources of contamination, and batch. One reagent blank prior to use reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all of a new batch of reagent and suspect data. whenever method blank exceeds control limits. Field Blanks, Travel Blanks, Equipment Blanks. Assess contamination from One field equipment blank is required Blanks<MDL for target Determine cause of problem (e.g., equipment, from air, from per 20 (or less) field water samples equipment contamination, improper surrounding environment, etc. collected for trace metals analysis, cleaning, exposure to airborne including mercury. Pre-cleaned C-flex contaminants, etc.), remove sources of tubing used for each site w/peristaltic contamination, and reanalyze all suspect pump for depth-integration; or presamples or flag all suspect data. cleaned syringe and pencil filter used at each site otherwise. External QA Assessment Accuracy-based performance evaluation Initial demonstration of Once prior to routine analysis of field Determine cause of problem and Determined by study samples submitted to new laboratories by laboratory capability. reanalyze sample. Do not begin analysis samples. manager. SWAMP QA Program. of field samples until laboratory initial capability is clearly demonstrated. Mandatory interlaboratory exercises overseen by Ongoing demonstration of One exercise per year. Determined by study Determine cause of problem and 3rd party external ("referee") SWAMP QA laboratory capability. reanalyze sample. Further corrective manager. Program officials for all SWAMP participant action to be determined by QA manager. laboratories. Voluntary, but encouraged, participation in NOAA Ongoing demonstration of Determined by study Determine cause of problem and One exercise per year. NIST intercalibration studies and CA-ELAP laboratory capability. manager. reanalyze sample. Further corrective annual performance evaluations, as appropriate. action to be determined by QA manager General Provisions Acceptable Data Set: CCV Recoveries must be within control limits, & either SRM or Spiked Matrix recoveries must also be within control limits.